

LE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

- 1	E THE ARIZONA COL	RPORATION COMMISSION D
2	WILLIAM A. MUNDELL Arizona Cornoration	2002 NOV 12 A II: 02
3	WILLIAM A. MUNDELL CHAIRMAN JIM IRVIN Arizona Corporation DOCKE	
4	COMMISSIONER MARC SPITZER NOV 1 2	AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCUMENT CONTROL
5	COMMISSIONER DOCKETED BY	
6	DOCKETEBBI	CAR
7	IN THE MATTER OF THE GENERIC PROCEEDINGS CONCERNING ELECTRIC	Docket No. E-00000A-02-0051
8	RESTRUCTURING ISSUES.	
9	IN THE MATTER OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR	Docket No. E-01345A-01-0822
10	VARIANCE OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS OF A.A.C. 4-14-2-1606	
11	OF A.A.C. 4-14-2-1000	
12	IN THE MATTER OF THE GENERIC PROCEEDINGS CONCERNING THE ARIZONA INDEPENDENT SCHEDULING	Docket No. E-00000A-01-0630
13	ADMINISTRATOR	
14	IN THE MATTER OF TUCSON ELECTRIC COMPANY'S APPLICATION FOR A	1000 0471
15	VARIANCE OF CERTAIN ELECTRIC POWER COMPETITION RULES COMPLIANCE	
16	DATES	
17	ISSUES IN THE MATTER OF TUCSON ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY'S	Docket No. E01933A-02-0069
18	APPLICATION FOR A VARIANCE OF CERTAIN ELECTRIC COMPETITION RULES	
19	COMPLIANCE DATES	
•		

NOTICE OF FILING TESTIMONY

Pursuant to Third Procedural Order on Track B (dated October 9, 2002), Tucson Electric Power Company ("TEP"), through undersigned counsel, provides notice that it has filed the Direct Testimony of David Hutchens regarding Track B Issues, a copy of which is attached.

ROSHKA HEYMAN & DEWULF, PLC

	RESPECTFULLY SUBMIT	TED this 12 th day of November, 2002.
1		DOGINGA HENMAN & DEWLYN E DE G
2		ROSHKA HEYMAN & DEWULF, PLC
3		
4		By Turbfatt
5		Raymond S. Heyman
6		Michael W. Patten One Arizona Center
7		400 East Van Buren Street, Suite
8		Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 256-6100
9		Attorneys for Tucson Electric Power
10		
11	C1. 1 Necessity 12, 2002, with	oing
12		
13	Docket Control ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION	
14	1200 West Washington Street	
15	Phoenix, Arizona 85007	
16	COPIES of the foregoing hand-delivered	
17	November 12, 2002, to:	
18	Teena I. Wolfe, Esq. ALJ, Hearing Division	
19	ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION	
20	1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007	
21	Christopher Kempley, Esq.	
22	Chief Counsel, Legal Division ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION	
23	1200 West Washington Street	
24	Phoenix, Arizona 85007	
25	Ernest G. Johnson, Esq. Director, Utilities Division	
26	ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION 1200 West Washington Street	
27	Phoenix, Arizona 85007	

OSHKA HEYMAN & DEWULF, PLC

Raymond S. Heyman Michael W. Patten One Arizona Center 400 East Van Buren Street, Suite 800 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 256-6100

ttorneys for Tucson Electric Power Company

ROSHKA HEYMAN & DEWULF, PLC

ONE ARIZONA CENTER
400 EAST VAN BUREN STREET - SUITE 800
PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85004
TELEPHONE NO 602-256-6100
FACSIMILE 602-256-6800

COPIES of the foregoing sent via mail/electronic mail on November 12, 2002, to the attached Service List

Mohnton

CONSOLIDATED ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING/VARIANCE MAIL/ELECTRONIC MAIL SERVICE LIST

(updated 4/23/02)

Lindy Funkhouser Scott S. Wakefield RESIDENTIAL UTILITY CONSUMER OFFICE 1110 West Washington, Suite 220 Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Michael A. Curtis
William P. Sullivan
Paul R. Michaud
MARTINEZ & CURTIS, P.C.
2712 North 7th Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85006
Attorneys for Arizona Municipal Power Users Association, Mohave
Electric Cooperative, Inc., Navopache Electric Cooperative, Inc.,
Reliant Resources, Inc. & Primesouth, Inc.
mcurtis401@aol.com
wsullivan@martinezcurtis.com
pmichaud@martinezcurtis.com

Walter W. Meek ARIZONA UTILITY INVESTORS ASSOCIATION 2100 North Central Avenue, Suite 210 Phoenix, Arizona 85004

Rick Gilliam
Eric C. Guidry
LAW FUND OF THE ROCKIES ENERGY PROJECT
2260 Baseline Road, Suite 200
Boulder, Colorado 80302

Terry Frothun ARIZONA STATE AFL-CIO 5818 North 7th Street, Suite 200 Phoenix, Arizona 85014-5811

Norman J. Furuta DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY 900 Commodore Drive, Building 107 San Bruno, California 94066-5006

Barbara S. Bush COALITION FOR RESPONSIBLE ENERGY EDUCATION 315 West Riviera Drive Tempe, Arizona 85252

Sam Defraw (Attn. Code 00I)
Rate Intervention Division
NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND
Building 212, 4th Floor
901 M Street, S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20374-5018

Rick Lavis ARIZONA COTTON GROWERS ASSOCIATION 4139 East Broadway Road Phoenix, Arizona 85040 Steve Brittle
DON'T WASTE ARIZONA, INC.
6205 South 12th Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85040

COLUMBUS ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC. P.O. Box 631 Deming, New Mexico 88031

CONTINENTAL DIVIDE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE P.O. Box 1087
Grants, New Mexico 87020

DIXIE ESCALANTE RURAL ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION CR Box 95 Beryl, Utah 84714

GARKANE POWER ASSOCIATION, INC. P.O. Box 790 Richfield, Utah 84701

ARIZONA DEPT. OF COMMERCE ENERGY OFFICE 3800 North Central Avenue, 12th Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85012

ARIZONA COMMUNITY ACTION ASSOCIATION 2627 North 3rd Street, Suite 2 Phoenix, Arizona 85004

A.B. Baardson MOUNTAIN COUNTRY CO-GENERATION 6463 North Desert Breeze Court Tucson, Arizona 85750

Jessica Youle SALT RIVER PROJECT PAB300 P.O. Box 52025 Phoenix, Arizona 85072-2025

Joe Eichelberger MAGMA COPPER COMPANY P.O. Box 37 Superior, Arizona 85273

Barry Huddleston DESTEC ENERGY P.O. Box 4411 Houston, Texas 77210-4411

Steve Montgomery JOHNSON CONTROLS 2032 West 4th Street Tempe, Arizona 85281

Terry Ross CENTER FOR ENERGY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT P.O. Box 288 Franktown, Colorado 80116-0288 Larry McGraw USDA-RUS 6266 Weeping Willow Rio Rancho, New Mexico 87124

Jim Driscoll ARIZONA CITIZEN ACTION 5160 East Bellevue Street, Apt. 101 Tucson, Arizona 85712-4828

William Baker ELECTRICAL DISTRICT NO. 6 7310 North 16th Street, Suite 320 Phoenix, Arizona 85020

Robert Julian PPG 1500 Merrell Lane Belgrade, Montana 59714

C. Webb Crockett
Jay L. Shapiro
FENNEMORE CRAIG, PC
3003 North Central Avenue, Suite 2600
Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2913
Attorneys for Panda Gila River, L.P.
Wcrockett@fclaw.com
Jshapiro@fclaw.com

Robert S. Lynch 340 East Palm Lane, Suite 140 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-4529 Attorney for Arizona Transmission Dependent Utility Group

K.R. Saline K.R. SALINE & ASSOCIATES 160 North Pasadena, Suite 101 Mesa, Arizona 85201-6764

Douglas Nelson DOUGLAS C. NELSON PC 7000 North 16th Street, Suite 120-307 Phoenix, Arizona 85020-5547 Attorney for Calpine Power Services

Lawrence V. Robertson, Jr.
MUNGER CHADWICK, PLC
333 North Wilmot, Suite 300
Tucson, Arizona 85711-2634
Attorney for Southwestern Power Group, II, LLC; Bowie Power
Station, LLC; Toltec Power Station, LLC; and Sempra Energy
Resources
Lvrobertson@mungerchadwick.com

Tom Wran SOUTHWESTERN POWER GROUP II *Twray@southwesternpower.com* Theodore E. Roberts
SEMPRA ENERGY RESOURCES
101 Ash Street, HQ 12-B
San Diego, California 92101-3017
Troberts@sempra.com

Albert Sterman ARIZONA CONSUMERS COUNCIL 2849 East 8th Street Tucson, Arizona 85716

Michael Grant
GALLAGHER & KENNEDY
2575 East Camelback Road
Phoenix, Arizona 85016-9225
Attorneys for AEPCO, Graham County Electric Cooperative, and Duncan Valley Electric Cooperative.

Mmq@gknet.com

William J. Murphy
CITY OF PHOENIX
200 West Washington Street, Suite 1400
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1611
Bill.murphy@phoenix.gov

Peter Van Haren
Jesse Sears
OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY
200 West Washington Street, Suite 1300
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1611
Jesse.sears@phoenix.gov

Vinnie Hunt
Department of Operations
CITY OF TUCSON
4004 South Park Avenue, Building #2
Tucson, Arizona 85714

Ryle J. Carl III
INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF
ELECTRICAL WORKERS, L.U. #1116
750 South Tucson Boulevard
Tucson, Arizona 85716-5698

Deborah Scott
Carl Dabelstein
Barbara Wytaske
CITIZENS COMMUNICATIONS
2901 North Central Avenue, Suite 1660
Phoenix, Arizona 85012

Russell E. Jones
WATERFALL ECONOMIDIS CALDWELL HANSHAW
& VILLAMANA, P.C.
5210 East Williams Circle, Suite 800
Tucson, Arizona 85711
Attorneys for Trico Electric Cooperative, Inc.
Rjones@wechv.com

Christopher Hitchcock
HITCHCOCK & HICKS
P.O. Box 87
Bisbee, Arizona 85603-0087
Attorney for Sulphur Springs Valley Electric Cooperative, Inc.
Lawyers@bisbeelaw.com

Andrew Bettwy
Debra Jacobson
SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
5241 Spring Mountain Road
Las Vegas, Nevada 89150-0001

Barbara R. Goldberg OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY 3939 Civic Center Boulevard Scottsdale, Arizona 85251

Bradford A. Borman PACIFICORP 201 South Main, Suite 2000 Salt Lake City, Utah 84140

Timothy M. Hogan ARIZONA CENTER FOR LAW IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST 202 East McDowell Road, Suite 153 Phoenix, Arizona 85004

Marcia Weeks 18970 North 116th Lane Surprise, Arizona 85374

John T. Travers William H. Nau 272 Market Square, Suite 2724 Lake Forest, Illinois 60045

Timothy Michael Toy WINTHROP STIMSON PUTNAM & ROBERTS One Battery Park Plaza New York, New York 10004-1490

Chuck Miessner NEV SOUTHWEST, LLC P.O. Box 711, Mailstop-DA308 Tucson, Arizona 85702-0711

Billie Dean AVIDD P O Box 97 Marana, Arizona 85652-0987

Raymond B. Wuslich WINSTON & STRAWN 1400 L Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 Steven C. Gross PORTER SIMON 40200 Truckee Airport Road Truckee, California 96161-3307 Attorneys for M-S-R Public Power Agency

Donald R. Allen John P. Coyle DUNCAN & ALLEN 1575 Eye Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20005

Ward Camp
PHASER ADVANCED METERING SERVICES
400 Gold S.W., Suite 1200
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102

Theresa Drake IDAHO POWER COMPANY P.O. Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707

Libby Brydolf CALIFORNIA ENERGY MARKETS NEWSLETTER 2419 Bancroft Street San Diego, California 92104

Paul W. Taylor RW BECK 2201 East Camelback Road, Suite 115-B Phoenix, Arizona 85016-3433

James P. Barlett 5333 North 7th Street, Suite B-215 Phoenix, Arizona 85014 Attorney for Arizona Power Authority

Jay I. Moyes
MOYES STOREY
3003 North Central Avenue, Suite 1250
Phoenix, Arizona 85012
Attorneys for PPL Southwest Generation Holdings, LLC; PPL
EnergyPlus, LLC and PPL Sundance Energy, LLC
Jimoyes@lawms.com

Stephen L. Teichler Stephanie A. Conaghan DUANE MORRIS & HECKSCHER, LLP 1667 K Street N.W., Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20006

Kathy T. Puckett SHELL OIL COMPANY 200 North Dairy Ashford Houston, Texas 77079

Andrew N. Chau SHELL ENERGY SERVICES CO., LLC 1221 Lamar, Suite 1000 Houston, Texas 77010 Peter Q. Nyce, Jr.
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
JALS-RS Suite 713
901 North Stuart Street
Arlington, Virginia 22203-1837

Michelle Ahlmer ARIZONA RETAILERS ASSOCIATION 224 West 2nd Street Mesa, Arizona 85201-6504

Dan Neidlinger NEIDLINGER & ASSOCIATES 3020 North 17th Drive Phoenix, Arizona 85015

Chuck Garcia
Law Department
PUBLIC SERVICE CO. OF NEW MEXICO
Alvardo Square, MS 0806
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87158

Sanford J. Asman 570 Vinington Court Dunwoody, Georgia 30350-5710

Patricia Cooper AEPCO/SSWEPCO P.O. Box 670 Benson, Arizona 85602 Pcooper@aepnet.org

Holly E. Chastain SCHLUMBERGER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC. 5430 Metric Place Norcross, Georgia 30092-2550

Leslie Lawner ENRON CORP 712 North Lea Roswell, New Mexico 88201

Alan Watts SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PUBLIC POWER AGENCY 529 Hilda Court Anaheim, California 92806

Frederick M. Bloom COMMONWEALTH ENERGY CORPORATION 15991 Red Hill Avenue, Suite 201 Tustin, California 92780

Margaret McConnell MARICOPA COMMUNITY COLLEGES 2411 West 14th Street Tempe, Arizona 85281-6942 Brian Soth FIRSTPOINT SERVICES, INC. 1001 S.W. 5th Avenue, Suite 500 Portland, Oregon 92704

Jay Kaprosy PHOENIX CHAMBER OF COMMERCE 201 North Central Avenue, 27th Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85073

Kevin McSpadden MILBANK,TWEED HADLEY & McCLOY, LLP 601 South Figueroa, 30th Floor Los Angeles, California 90017

M.C. Arendes, Jr. C3 COMMUNICATIONS, INC. 2600 Via Fortuna, Suite 500 Austin, Texas 78746

Patrick J. Sanderson
ARIZONA INDEPENDENT SCHEDULING
ADMINISTRATOR ASSOCIATION
P.O. Box 6277
Phoenix, Arizona 85005-6277
Psanderson@az-isa.org

Roger K. Ferland QUARLES & BRADY STREICH LANG L.L.P. Renaissance One Two North Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2391 <u>Rferland@quarles.com</u>

Charles T. Stevens
ARIZONANS FOR ELECTRIC CHOICE & COMPETITION
245 West Roosevelt
Phoenix, Arizona 85003

Mark Sirois ARIZONA COMMUNITY ACTION ASSOCIATION 2627 North Third Street, Suite 2 Phoenix, Arizona 85004

Jeffrey Guldner SNELL & WILMER One Arizona Center 400 East Van Buren Phoenix, Arizona 85004-0001

Thomas L. Mumaw
PINNACLE WEST CAPITAL CORPORATION
P.O. Box 53999 MS 8695
Phoenix, Arizona 85072-3999
Thomas.Mumaw@pinnaclewest.com

Steven J. Duffy RIDGE & ISAACSON PC 3101 North Central Avenue, Suite 740 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 Greg Patterson 5432 East Avalon Phoenix, Arizona 85018 <u>Gpatterson@aol.com</u>

John Wallace GRAND CANYON STATE ELECTRIC CO-OP 120 North 44th Street, Suite 100 Phoenix, Arizona 85034-1822 Jwallace@qcseca.org

Steven Lavigne DUKE ENERGY 4 Triad Center, Suite 1000 Salt Lake City, Utah 84180

Dennis L. Delaney K.R. SALINE & ASSOCIATES 160 North Pasadena, Suite 101 Mesa, Arizona 85201-6764

Kevin C. Higgins ENERGY STRATEGIES, LLC 30 Market Street, Suite 200 Salt Lake City, Utah 84101

Michael L. Kurtz BORHM KURTZ & LOWRY 36 East Seventh Street, Suite 2110 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 Mkurtzlaw@aol.com

David Berry P.O. Box 1064 Scottsdale, Arizona 85252

William P. Inman
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
1600 West Monroe, Room 911
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
InmanW@revenue.state.az.us

Robert Baltes
ARIZONA CO-GENERATION ASSOCIATION
7250 North 16th Street, Suite 102
Phoenix, Arizona 85020-5270
Bbaltes@bvaeng.com

Jana Van Ness ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE CO. Mail Station 9905 P.O. Box 53999 Phoenix, Arizona 85072-3999 Jana.vanness@aps.com Kelly Barr
Jana Brandt
SALT RIVER PROJECT
Mail Station PAB211
P.O. Box 52025
Phoenix, Arizona 85072-2025
Kibarr@srpnet.com
Jkbrandt@srpnet.com

Randall H. Warner JONES SKELTON & HOCHULI PLC 2901 North Central Avenue, Suite 800 Phoenix, Arizona 85012

John A. LaSota, Jr. MILLER LASOTA & PETERS, PLC 5225 North Central Avenue, Suite 235 Phoenix, Arizona 85012

Peter W. Frost CONOCO GAS & POWER MARKETING 600 North Dairy Ashford, CH-1068 Houston, Texas 77079

Joan Walker-Ratliff CONOCO GAS & POWER MARKETING 1000 South Pine, 125-4 ST UPO Ponca City, Oklahoma 74602

Vicki G. Sandler c/o Linda Spell
APS ENERGY SERVICES
P.O. Box 53901
Mail Station 8103
Phoenix, Arizona 85072-3901
Linda spell@apses.com

Lori Glover STIRLING ENERGY SYSTEMS 2920 East Camelback Road, Suite 150 Phoenix, Arizona 85016 Lglover@stirlingenergy.com

Jeff Schlegel SWEEP 1167 Samalayuca Drive Tucson, Arizona 85704-3224 <u>Schlegelj@aol.com</u>

Howard Geller SWEEP 2260 Baseline Road, Suite 200 Boulder, Colorado 80302 Haeller@swenergy.org

Mary-Ellen Kane ACAA 2627 North 3rd Street, Suite 2 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 <u>Mkane@azcaa.org</u> Aaron Thomas AES NewEnergy 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2950 Los Angeles, California 90071 <u>Aaron.thomas@aes.com</u>

Theresa Mead AES NewEnergy P.O. Box 65447 Tucson, Arizona 85728 Theresa.mead@aes.com

Robert Annan ARIZONA CLEAN ENERGY INDUSTRIES ALLIANCE 6605 East Evening Glow Drive Scottsdale, Arizona 85262 Annan@primenet.com

Curtis L. Kebler RELIANT RESOURCES, INC. 8996 Etiwanda Avenue Rancho Cucamonga, California 91739

Philip Key RENEWABLE ENERGY LEADERSHIP GROUP 10631 East Autumn Sage Drive Scottsdale, Arizona 85259 Keytaic@aol.com

Paul Bullis
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
1275 West Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Paul.bullis@ag.state.az.us

Laurie Woodall
OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
1275 West Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Laurie.woodall@aq.state.az.us

Donna M. Bronski CITY OF SCOTTSDALE 3939 North Drinkwater Blvd Scottsdale, Arizona 85251 Dbronski@ci.scottsdale.az.us

Larry F. Eisenstat
Frederick D. Ochsenhirt
Michael R. Engleman
DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLP
2101 L Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20037
<u>Eisenstatl@dsmo.com</u>
Ochsenhirtf@dsmo.com

David A. Crabtree
Dierdre A. Brown
TECO POWER SERVICES CORP.
P.O. Box 111
Tampa, Florida 33602
<u>Dacrabtree@tecoenergy.com</u>
<u>Dabrown@tecoenergy.com</u>

Michael A. Trentel
Patrick W. Burnett
PANDA ENERGY INTERNATIONAL INC
4100 Spring Valley, Suite 1010
Dallas, Texas 75244
<u>Michaelt@pandaenergy.com</u>
Patb@pandaenergy.com

Jesse Dillon
PPL SERVICES CORP.
2 N. Ninth Street
Allentown, Pennsylvania 18101-1179
Jadillon@pplweb.com

Gary A. Dodge HATCH JAMES & DODGE 10 West Broadway, Suite 400 Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 Gdodge@hjdlaw.com

Joan Walker-Ratliff CONOCO GAS AND POWER 1000 South Pine P.O. Box 1267 125-4 ST Ponca, Oklahoma 74602 joan.walker-ratliff@conoco.com

ARIZONA REPORTING SERVICE, INC. 2627 North Third Street, Suite 3 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-1104

BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

WILLIAM A. MUNDELL CHAIRMAN JIM IRVIN COMMISSIONER MARC SPITZER COMMISSIONER

IN THE MATTER OF THE GENERIC
PROCEEDINGS CONCERNING ELECTRIC
RESTRUCTURING ISSUES.

IN THE MATTER OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR VARIANCE OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS OF A.A.C. 4-14-2-1606

IN THE MATTER OF THE GENERIC PROCEEDINGS CONCERNING THE ARIZONA INDEPENDENT SCHEDULING ADMINISTRATOR

IN THE MATTER OF TUCSON ELECTRIC COMPANY'S APPLICATION FOR A VARIANCE OF CERTAIN ELECTRIC POWER COMPETITION RULES COMPLIANCE DATES

ISSUES IN THE MATTER OF TUCSON ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY'S APPLICATION FOR A VARIANCE OF CERTAIN ELECTRIC COMPETITION RULES COMPLIANCE DATES Docket No. E-00000A-02-0051

Docket No. E-01345A-01-0822

Docket No. E-00000A-01-0630

Docket No. E-01933A-98-0471

Docket No. E01933A-02-0069

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DAVID HUTCHENS ON BEHALF OF

TUCSON ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

RE: TRACK B ISSUES

NOVEMBER 12, 2002

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WITNESS BACKGROUND	1
SUMMARY	1
TEP'S UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES	2
COMMENTS ON TEP'S UNRESOLVED ISSUES	4
COMMENTS ON STAFF REPORT	7
COMMENTS ON OTHER PARTIES' UNRESOLVED ISSUES	10
TEP'S RECOMMENDATIONS	11

1		WITNESS BACKGROUND
2	Q:	Please state your name and employment position.
3	A:	My name is David Hutchens. I am Manager of Wholesale Marketing for Tucson Electric
4		Power Company.
5	Q:	What are your job responsibilities at Tucson Electric?
6	A:	I oversee the Wholesale Marketing department functions, including wholesale gas and
7		electricity procurement, resource management, risk management, marketing, scheduling
8		and trading.
9	Q:	What has been your involvement in the Track B proceedings?
0	A:	I have represented TEP in every workshop and submitted testimony on TEP's needs
1		assessment and procurement proposal.
12	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?
13	A:	Pursuant to the "Third Procedural Order on Track B Issues," in Docket E-00000A-02-
14		0051 et al., parties, including TEP, "shall file testimony and associated exhibits on the
15		Track B issues identified by the parties" and a "response to the Staff Report" by 12:00
16		p.m. on November 12, 2002. This testimony will provide that information.
17	Q:	How is your testimony structured?
18	A:	It addresses five topics: (i) the unique circumstances concerning TEP's participation in
19		the competitive solicitation process; (ii) comments on TEP's unresolved Track B issues;
20		(iii) comments on Staff's Track B Report (dated October 25, 2002); (iv) TEP's comments
21		on two Track B issues raised by other parties; and (v) TEP's key recommendations
22		concerning modifications to the solicitation process outlined in the October 25 Staff
23		Report.
24		<u>Summary</u>
25	Q:	Please summarize your testimony.
26	A:	TEP's position on the proposed competitive solicitation process is driven by the unique
27		circumstance that TEP believes deserve consideration in the solicitation process. The

two key facts underlying TEP's positions are: (i) TEP does not have any competitive affiliates that will participate in the solicitation process and (ii) the TEP retail service area faces significant transmission limitations that may affect TEP's competitive solicitation. However, although the Commission Staff's October 25, 2002 Report contains many valid conclusions that TEP fully supports, it fails to recognize TEP's unique position and places uneconomic and unnecessary requirements on TEP. Moreover, those detrimental requirements provide no benefit to other parties. TEP proposes two key modifications to Staff's solicitation proposal to remedy TEP's concerns: (i) allowing TEP's wholesale marketing department to conduct the competitive solicitation, thus avoiding the need to create a duplicate, parallel department and (ii) allowing TEP to include all TEP generation assets existing as of September 1, 2002 in the determination of TEP's Contestable Load, not just assets "included in rate base."

TEP'S UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES

14 Q: What was the overriding concern throughout the Track B workshops?

The majority of the workshop discussion centered around insuring that Pinnacle West would not be given any advantage over the other generators bidding into the solicitation process, particularly given that it appeared that the vast majority of available contestable load would be APS load. Thus, many of the proposed requirements that have been included in Staff's proposed solicitation process were designed to specifically address the issue of APS having an affiliate, Pinnacle West, with generation resources that would be bidding into the solicitation. However, several of those general requirements create an unnecessary burden on TEP given the difference between TEP and APS.

- Q: What are the circumstances unique to TEP that should be noted in the development of the Competitive Solicitation Process?
- 25 A: There are three important, unique circumstances: (i) TEP has no affiliate involved in the 26 marketing and trading of wholesale power; (ii) TEP has no generation affiliate that will 27 be bidding into the 2003 solicitation; and (iii) TEP has different transmission concerns 28 for delivery of energy to its load area.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

How does the absence of a TEP affiliate involved in the generation, marketing and trading of wholesale power bidding into the solicitation process affect the process design? TEP understands that Decision No. 65154 seeks to increase the competitiveness of the wholesale electricity markets in Arizona by insuring all future needs are met through competitive processes. However, even without the proposed competitive solicitation process being developed in Track B, TEP currently procures all of its "required power that cannot be produced from its own existing assets" from unaffiliated third parties in the wholesale market, as is now required by that Decision. Thus, TEP feels that it already meets the spirit of Decision No. 65154 pertaining to the procurement of power that cannot be produced from TEP's existing generation assets. It is only the requirement that TEP use a specific solicitation process to procure that "required power" that will create any change in TEP's resource management functions. To the extent the process is being designed to avoid unfair competitive advantage by UDC affiliates, the lack of any TEP affiliate obviates such concerns. The imposition on TEP of requirements focused on eliminating unfair advantages for affiliates simply imposes an unnecessary burden on TEP without any corresponding benefits.

17 Q: What specific transmission concerns exist for TEP's service area that need to be addressed?

All of TEP's retail load is contained within a load pocket as identified by ACC Staff in its Biennial Transmission Assessment. As such, this load can only be served through a combination of (i) remote generation brought in over existing transmission facilities and (ii) local generation resources owned and operated by TEP within the load pocket. Since the late 1970's when TEP began participation in remote generation resources to obtain economies of scale through regional resource development, as well as to reduce its dependence on oil and gas generation, TEP has planned and developed its load serving capabilities through a balanced mix of remote generation, local generation and transmission additions that would be most economical and reliable for serving its customers. That goal of achieving an optimal mix led TEP to install gas combustion

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

A:

Q:

¹ ACC Decision No. 65154, p. 33.

turbines ("CTs") in 2001 to provide the required voltage support capability at peak load conditions. Under current Commission terminology these local units are referred to as Reliability Must-Run ("RMR") units. These units (and other TEP RMR units) have been considerably more cost effective than constructing a major transmission project to provide additional import capability. Moreover, constructing additional transmission facilities would have created excess transmission capacity not needed to serve the peak load. This excess capacity would be idle and provide no benefit to TEP or its customers. Further, TEP presently controls very little available transmission capacity ("ATC") to transmit power from remote interconnection points into TEP's service territory.

- 10 Q: Does the location of the new merchant generation plants provide specific challenges?
- 11 A: Yes. The majority of the new merchant plants are located where there is no Firm ATC for 12 delivery to TEP's retail service area. Some plants are able to reach TEP's service area 13 but require multiple wheels from transmission providers resulting in uneconomic 14 alternatives when compared to the cost of TEP's own generating resources.
- 15 Q: How are these transmission constraints being remedied?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

22

16 A: TEP is assessing options to improve import capability into TEP's retail service area. TEP
17 is working with merchants and other utilities to define other transmission bottlenecks and
18 using the Central Arizona Transmission Study ("CATS") process to plan additional
19 transmission upgrades accordingly. However, this is a long-term process and the
20 permitting and construction phases for new lines will put any line addition several years
21 out.

COMMENTS ON TEP'S UNRESOLVED ISSUES

- 23 Q: What were TEP's unresolved issues listed in its October 1, 2002 filing?
- A: TEP listed two primary unresolved issues that it would like to address. The first is the amount of TEP's Contestable load and the second is the involvement of TEP's marketing employees in the solicitation process. As more fully explained in my November 4, 2002 Needs Assessment testimony, TEP was under the impression that these issues were agreed upon by all parties participating in the workshops.

1 Q: If TEP felt that its contestable load was agreed to in the workshops, why did TEP list it as 2 an unresolved issue?

The agreement was basically a settlement of three related issues: (i) the inclusion of TEP's new RMR CTs in its existing assets; (ii) the inclusion of TEP's wholesale load in its contestable load calculation; and (iii) the ability of TEP's Wholesale Marketing department to conduct TEP's solicitation. TEP listed the issue as unresolved in order to be able to address the issue in front of the Commission in the event that resolution of any of the three terms changed. As noted in my November 4, 2002 testimony, Staff's report reversed the resolution of two of the three issues leaving only the inclusion of TEP's wholesale load intact.

11 Q: Why does TEP request that its Wholesale Marketing department be allowed to conduct the solicitation?

As discussed in my November 4, 2002 testimony, in light of the absence of any TEP affiliate that could be involved in the process and the fact that the TEP procurement functions currently fall into this group's purview, the requirement to prohibit this group from participating would disadvantage TEP and impose an uneconomic and unnecessary consequence on TEP.

18 Q: How would this disadvantage TEP and impose such burdens?

TEP's Wholesale Marketing department manages TEP's load and resources. In that capacity, it performs the procurement of electricity and fuel by evaluating the operational and economic terms of such procurement. While at times the economic evaluation can be fairly straightforward, it often involves complex products that require detailed modeling and market analysis. Further, the operational requirements of TEP's load and resources require detailed and specific knowledge. It is TEP's Wholesale Marketing department that has this knowledge and therefore the best ability to evaluate TEP's needs and assess the solicitation options. If TEP must use others for this evaluation, TEP would lose this critical knowledge and would incur increased (and unnecessary) costs by creating a duplicate department that would be conducting the same analyses and tasks. Given the lack of any TEP affiliate, the apparent prohibition on TEP's Wholesale Marketing

A:

A:

- department provides no benefit to the process whatsoever and makes no sense. It should be noted that no party to the workshops contested TEP's recommendation that its wholesale group be allowed to conduct the solicitation process. Indeed, it appeared that the recommendation was unanimously agreed upon.
- From the does this change on the role of TEP's Wholesale Marketing department affect TEP's position on its amount of Contestable Load?
- A: If the other two issues are resolved to TEP's satisfaction specifically that TEP's two newest RMR CTs are included in its existing assets and TEP's Wholesale Marketing department can conduct the solicitation TEP will continue to include its wholesale load in calculating its contestable load and commit to the capacity and energy quantities provided in the workshops. Absent a favorable resolution of these issues for TEP, TEP will take the position that its unmet needs should not be calculated including FERC jurisdictional Market-Based Tariff Wholesale Agreements.
- 14 Q: Does the inclusion of TEP's wholesale load in calculating its unmet needs infer any 15 future rate-making treatment of the energy purchased in the solicitation?
 - No. The inclusion of the wholesale load was discussed in the workshops as a way to address the existence of TEP wholesale contracts and to provide TEP with some amount of load to bid in the solicitation process. Even though the wholesale load is under TEP's market-based tariff and *not* under a cost of service tariff it was Staff's position that if TEP did not include its wholesale load, Staff would contend that an equal amount of TEP's existing generation assets should be set aside and not included in calculating unmet needs even though Decision No. 65154 contemplated that such assets should be included in the contestable load calculation. The resulting unmet need is the same regardless of whether wholesale load is included or an equal amount of existing generation is excluded. In a spirit of compromise and for ease of computation, TEP agreed to the inclusion of wholesale load. The fact that TEP's market-based wholesale contracts were not moved to an affiliate should not unfairly disadvantage TEP.
- Q: Does the inclusion of TEP's wholesale load in calculating its unmet needs infer the inclusion of this or new wholesale load in future solicitations?

4 4 4

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

A: No. Its inclusion would represent a settlement for the 2003 solicitation. TEP has to be able to manage its wholesale business under traditional jurisdictional processes.

Specifically, it cannot effectively manage its wholesale business if it is saddled with additional, non-jurisdictional procurement requirements. TEP further understands Staff's position that this process will most likely change and evolve before the next solicitation is undertaken.

COMMENTS ON STAFF REPORT

8 Q: What are TEP's comments on the October 25, 2002 Staff Report in this docket?

TEP generally agrees with the solicitation process set forth in that report. TEP has already expressed its disagreements on the Staff's position concerning TEP's contestable load and the exclusion of TEP's Wholesale Marketing department from the solicitation process, both above and in my November 4, 2002 testimony in this docket. I will not repeat all of TEP's position here. However, there are a few additional portions of the Staff Report that TEP would like to address further.

- 15 Q: Should utilities be given the latitude to reject any or all bids in the solicitation process?
- 16 A: Yes. The purchasing utilities must be given the flexibility to reject any or all bids that do
 17 not meet its economic or reliability criteria. Without such ability, the utility would be put
 18 at a grave disadvantage to the bidders. The Staff agrees: "The solicitation materials will
 19 contain the terms and conditions proposed by the utility, including the right of the utility
 20 to reject all bids and to amend the request for service without notice" [October 25, 2000
 21 Staff Report, p. 16:14], as does APS [Testimony of Thomas Carlson (dated November 4,
 22 2002), pp. 10:13, 15:22].
- Q: Does TEP agree with Staff's position on p. 4:16 that the "process itself had to be flexible enough to allow purchasing utilities and selling merchants the latitude to structure the terms and conditions under which service would be provided in a manner that made economic, operational and regulatory sense"?

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

- 1 A: Yes. TEP strongly agrees with this explicit statement made by Staff and Staff's position 2 throughout the workshop process that the solicitation would not impose uneconomic
- 3 requirements on the utilities.

1 1 1

- Q: Does the current structure of the solicitation process in Staff's report provide the flexibility and latitude referenced?
- 6 A: For the most part it does. TEP agrees with the general structure and direction of the solicitation process defined in Staff's report but feels that the requirement that all its
- 8 unmet needs be met through one particular process at one instance in time unnecessarily
- 9 removes some of that flexibility and management's business discretion.
- 10 Q: What is TEP's position on Staff's recommendation [p. 4:25] that "short-term power and daily, weekly or monthly power acquired to meet unplanned needs, would however
- continue to be purchased in the normal course of business as it is today"?
- 13 TEP strongly agrees with this position. It is an obvious necessity that the utility be A: 14 afforded discretion to enter into short-term transactions. As Staff recognizes, this gives 15 the utility the opportunity to economically displace plant or contract energy with cheaper 16 market power or purchase to cover unplanned needs arising from temperature extremes 17 and unplanned generation or transmission outages without jeopardizing system reliability 18 by being unnecessarily burdened with a cumbersome procurement process. It is again important to point out that any such purchase that TEP would make in this timeframe 19 20 would be from unaffiliated third parties.
- 21 Q: Does TEP agree with Staff's "Scope of 2003 Solicitation" on p. 6 of the Staff Report?
- A: No. Staff has defined contestable load (*i.e.*, the amount to be bid in the solicitation) as
 "all load and energy requirements not served by generation owned by the utility and
 included in the utility's rate base as of September 1, 2002" or by "power supplied
 pursuant to FERC or Commission approved contracts." In the workshops, Staff and the
 other parties explicitly agreed to TEP's recommendation to modify this phrase from
 Staff's draft report to include generation leased by the utility and to strike the reference to

² October 25, 2002 Staff Report, p. 6.

rate base. The result was defining the contestable load as "all load and energy requirements not served by generation owned or leased by the utility as of September 1, 2002" or by "power supplied pursuant to FERC or Commission approved contracts." TEP believes that revision meets the letter of Decision No. 65154 and should be adopted by the Commission.

6 Q: What is TEP's view of Staff's recommended "Price to Beat?

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

A:

A:

A:

TEP recognizes that the desired result is an expedited prudency review given that contracts entered into are priced below this metric. While TEP believes that the recommended structure may deter long-term contracts by requiring an additional discount to the price to beat, this issue has been somewhat mitigated by Staff's recognition that contracts which do not meet the price to beat standards "will not automatically be viewed by Staff as unreasonable or imprudent" but rather require that they "will need to be evaluated by Staff in subsequent proceedings." [October 25, 2002 Staff Report, p. 26:9-12]

What is TEP's position on Qualifying Facility ("QF") contracts not being subject to competitive solicitation?

Again, this was discussed, albeit briefly, in one of the workshops. It was mentioned that a very large merchant generation project had filed for QF status and the parties present at the workshop generally agreed that QF contracts started after September 1, 2002 would be subject to the competitive solicitation process. However, TEP understands that Staff may not have wanted this to be such a general and exclusive requirement given that other, legitimate QFs may surface in the future which should be excluded from the competitive bid process. Given that Staff and the Commission have ultimate oversight over both the QF and Solicitation processes, TEP is comfortable with the language in Staff's Report.

Q: What are TEP's views of the process timeline?

The timeline is aggressive given the number of responsibilities and obligations placed on the utilities. TEP recognizes this and has already started to collect its data and set up a solicitation website so that it can provide information to bidders – as early as possible and solicit input on contract structure, product definition, etc. It is imperative that all the

parties to the process work together to insure timely collection and dissemination of data 1 2 to be able to meet the deadlines set in Staff's proposal. 3 Q: Is an independent monitor needed for TEP's solicitation? 4 A: While TEP recognizes that Staff and other parties may desire an independent monitor to 5 assist them in evaluating the bids and insure the integrity of the process, this comes at the 6 cost of a bid fee. Given TEP's unique circumstances discussed above regarding the lack of an affiliate – and if Staff and the other parties agree – TEP believes that the bidding fee 7 8 and monitor requirement could be waived for bids to TEP. How are the contracts entered into in this solicitation treated in future solicitations? 9 Q: 10 A: The Staff report is silent on this issue but TEP believes that it must be explicitly stated 11 and understood that any contract entered into in this solicitation process would be 12 considered an existing asset and therefore not be contestable in later solicitations if it has 13 not expired. 14 **COMMENTS ON OTHER PARTIES' UNRESOLVED ISSUES** 15 O: Does TEP have any comments on unresolved issues raised by other parties? 16 Yes, there are a couple of key issues that TEP would like to address at this point. A: 17 Should bids be selected on a least-cost basis and include longer term bids in the process? O: Yes. However, in order to determine least-cost alternatives in a competitive bid process, 18 A: 19 it is imperative that all "costs" be evaluated including, but not limited to, contractual 20 performance metrics, credit, delivery, risk management and contract remedies. Longerterm agreements should be considered, at the utility's discretion, in the process to enable 21 22 necessary transmission infrastructure to be built and to insure that the output from power 23 plants located in Arizona stays in Arizona to meet its growing demand. 24 How should the "Commission Approval" process and cost-recovery mechanism be Q: addressed? 25 26 A: TEP believes that the Commission approval process and cost-recovery mechanism for purchases made under the solicitation process be addressed in these hearings. It is critical 27

, (), s

that the utility knows what the approval process will be at the beginning of the process because it will affect procurement decisions and other issues in the proceeding. The Commission approval process should provide a specific timeline for contract approval and the ability of the utility to reject accepted bids if the Commission does not find those contracts reasonable and prudent. The shorter the time period for Commission approval, the less risk premium sellers will build into their prices. The cost-recovery mechanism for all contracts entered into in the solicitation process should be clearly in the record of these proceedings and insure that the utility is afforded the opportunity to recover all costs associated with the contracts and the process.

TEP'S RECOMMENDATIONS

Given TEP's position on the unresolved issues, does TEP have a recommendation that O: addresses its unique circumstances while still maintaining the integrity of the general proceeding in this docket?

Although TEP has commented on a variety of issues in this testimony, two minor modifications to the October 25, 2002 Staff Report will address TEP's primary concerns. In fact, these modifications were already agreed to in the workshop process with respect to TEP given its unique circumstances. TEP believes that it has presented compelling evidence of those circumstances and that the requested modifications are justified. Therefore, TEP recommends waivers be granted TEP for the 2003 Solicitation as follows:

1. With respect to the "Scope of 2003 Solicitation" in the Staff Report, with respect to TEP, the Commission should delete p. 6:5-18 and replace it with "For 2003, TEP's solicitation will be for all retail and wholesale load and energy requirements not served by generation owned or leased by the utility as of September 1, 2002 or by power supplied pursuant to FERC or Commission approved contracts with affiliated and non-affiliated suppliers entered into prior to September 1, 2002. To the extent that affiliated suppliers provide service pursuant to contracts dated on or after September 1, 2002, such service will be subject to competitive solicitation.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

To the extent that load is served pursuant to capacity or energy 1 contracts with Qualifying Facilities or Environmental Portfolio 2 3 Standard requirements, that load will also not be contestable. All demand-side management commitments in place as of September 4 1, 2002, shall be considered in determining contestable load." 5 2. Waive the applicability of Section IV. C, paragraph 1 [lines 10-19] of the Staff Report with respect to TEP, thus allowing TEP's 7 Wholesale Marketing department to be involved in the solicitation 8 9 process. Does this conclude your testimony? 10 Q: 11 A: Yes.